

Department of Energy

Office of Scientific and Technical Information Post Office Box 62 Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37831

August 10, 2016

Re: OSTI-2016-01064-F

Dear Mr. Ravnitzky:

This is in final response to the request for information you sent to the Department of Energy (DOE), Office of Scientific and Technical Information (OSTI) under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. 552 on June 22, 2016.

You requested a "copy of records, electronic, or otherwise, of each letter TO and FROM universities, companies, and organizations, from the OSTI 'cold fusion' documents collection." On July 11, 2016, you were emailed an interim response letter informing you of the need for OSTI to obtain release authorization from the Department of Energy. OSTI received notification to release the letters to you in their entirety on August 8, 2016. As a result, OSTI is releasing 72 cold fusion letters in this mailing on a CD-ROM because of the volume and file size of the PDFs.

In addition, there are approximately 13 letters that are currently being reviewed by the DOE's General Counsel Office (GC) for release or redaction. Upon receipt of guidance from GC, OSTI will release in whole or in part.

This decision, as well as the adequacy of the search, may be appealed within 90 calendar days from your receipt of this letter pursuant to 10 C.F.R. § 1004.8. Appeals should be addressed to Director, Office of Hearings and Appeals, HG-1, L'Enfant Plaza, U.S. Department of Energy, 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20585-1615. The written appeal, including the envelope, must clearly indicate that a FOIA appeal is being made. You may also submit your appeal to OHA.filings@hq.doe.gov, including the phrase "Freedom of Information Appeal" in the subject line. The appeal must contain all of the elements required by 10 C.F.R. § 1004.8, including a copy of the determination letter. Thereafter, judicial review will be available to you in the Federal District Court either: 1) in the district where you reside; 2) where you have your principal place of business; 3) where DOE's records are situated; or 4) in the District of Columbia.

You may contact OSTI's FOIA Public Liaison, Charlene Luther, Office of Preservation and Technology at 865.576.1138 or by mail at the Department of Energy, Office of Scientific and Technical Information, 1 Science.gov Way, Oak Ridge, TN 37830 for any further assistance and to discuss any aspect of your request. Additionally, you may contact the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at the National Archives and Records Administration to inquire about the FOIA mediation services they offer.

The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001, e-mail at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

If you have any questions about the processing of the request or about this letter, please contact Madelyn M. Wilson at

Sincerely,

Madelyn M. Wilson

FOIA Officer

DOE OSTI

1 Science.gov Way

Oak Ridge, TN 37830

JUN 1 6 1989

The Honorable John D. Dingell Chairman, Committee on Energy and Commerce House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Mr. Chairman:

This is in response to your letter dated June 1, 1989, with the accompanying correspondence from Mr. George Hobby.

As you correctly point out, our Energy Research Advisory Board (ERAB) is examining recent disclosures pertaining to the "room temperature" fusion phenomena. Their report to Admiral Watkins, Secretary of Energy, is due November 15, 1989, with a preliminary report due July 31. I will be pleased to provide you with copies of these reports as soon as they become available.

As for the status of Mr. Joseph Newman's invention, I am referring your inquiry to the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Conservation and Renewable Energy, whose Energy-Related Inventions program is cognizant of matters related to that invention. You can expect to hear from them shortly.

Your inquiry is welcome. Please let me know if I can be of any further assistance.

Sincerely,

Robert O. Hunter, Jr.

Director Office of Energy Research

bcc: ES/4, CP-30, ER-1/3, ER-2, ER-60, ER-61, ER-16, ER-622 (Forst1)

ER-16:RGajewski:1h:6-9-89:3-5995

Retyped:sn:6-13-89:6-5440

Gajewski 06/09/89

The Honorable John D. Dingell Chairman, Committee on Energy and Commerce House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515

Adler

CP-30

Dear Mr. Chairman:

This is in response to your letter to Dr. Robert O. Hunter, Jr., dated June 1, 1989, with the accompanying correspondence from Mr. George Hobby.

.06/ /89

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Sincerely,

Ryszard Gajewski, Director Division of Advanced Energy Projects Office of Basic Energy Sciences, ER-16

bcc: S ES Ref#89-008182

DS ER Ref#89-240 US

OS/Brown

PREPARED BY: RGajewski/lh:ER-16:6/9/89:3-5995

CP-1

MA-1.22

DO/4

CE-1 ER-10

ER-60

ER-61

ER-622 (Fst1)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

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The Honorable John D. Dingell Chairman, Committee on Energy and Commerce House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515

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Robert O. Hunter, Jr. Director Office of Energy Research

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Retvned; sn:6-13-89:6-5440

OS/Brown

PREPARED BY: RGajewski/lh:ER-16:6/9/89:3-5995

CP-1

MA-1.22

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CE-1

ER-10

ER-60

ER-61

ER-622 (Fst1)



Department of Energy

Washington, DC 20585

June 16, 1989

The Honorable John D. Dingell Chairman, Committee on Energy and Commerce House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Mr. Chairman:

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Sincerely,

Polito Hunter

Robert O. Hunter, Jr. Director Office of Energy Research

cc:

The Honorable Norman F. Lent Ranking Minority Member Committee on Energy and Commerce House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515

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Committee on Energy and Commerce Room 2125, Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

June 1, 1989

WM MICHAEL KITZMILLER, STAFF DIRECTOR

Dr. Robert O. Hunter, Jr. Director Office of Energy Research Department of Energy 1000 Independence Avenue, S. W. Washington, D. C. 20585

Dear Dr. Hunter:

I am forwarding a constituent letter on "room temperature" fusion. As I understand it, efforts are being made through your Office and the Energy Research Advisory Board to examine the validities of the claims on "room temperature" fusion. I would appreciate it if you would examine the claims regarding Joseph Newman's invention in this process.

Sincerely,

JOHN D. DINGELL

CHAIRMAN

Enclosures

House Of Representatives Washington, DC

RECEIVED

1989 MAY -3 AM 10: 55

U.S. HOUSE OF REFRESENTATIVES

April 24,1989

Dear Mr. Dingel:

Here we go again. If the Patent Office waits until the physicists can fully explain norm temperature" fusion, the Japanese will get another most important jump on us through their more efficient "Sovernment - Industry" corporation.

Please review the enclosed. Although 30

(assuming he has not left us.)

I trust you have the energy and interest to see that this is accomplished.

on hand to see that his proceedover are carried out,

Grosse Ile, Mich 48138

JOHN D DINGELL MICHIGAN CHAIRMAN

JAMES H SCHEUER NEW YORK MENRY A WAXMAN CALIFORNIA HILIP R SHARP INDIANA MES J FLORID NEW JERSEY WARD J MARKEY, MASSACHUSETTS DMAS A LUKEN DHID OMAS A LUKEN OMIO
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RON WYDEN OREGON
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JM COOPER TENNESSEE
TERRY L BRUCE ILLINOIS

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JOE BARTON TEXAS
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包.会. House of Representatibes Committee on Energy and Commerce Room 2125, Ravburn Bouse Office Builbing Mashington, BC 20515

August 3, 1987

WM MICHAEL KITZMILLER STAFF DIRECTOR

سودلع

Mr. George W. Hobby 8310 Wetherfield Lane Cincinnati, Ohio 45236 9362 Owen Rd Grosse Ile, Mich. 48138

Dear Mr. Hobby:

Thank you for your letter of July 25, 1987 regarding Joseph Newman's invention. As you are aware, (I am always concerned with the issues surrounding cost-efficient energy and the possibilities suggested by Mr. Newman's discovery are certainly provocative. However, the procedure in which patents are issued falls within the jurisdiction of the Committee on the Judiciary and not the Committee on Energy and Commerce. With that in mind, I have taken the liberty of forwarding your letter to the Chairman of that Committee, Peter W. Rodino, Jr.

I appreciate your taking the time to share your concerns and if I can be of assistance in the future, please do not hesitate to ask.

With every good wish.

JOHN D. DINGELL

CHAIRMAN

It appears neither the Patent Office

nor a District Judge shared your concerns. They have succeeded in keying this matter on the back burner for

10 years. No wonder our country is

shopping behind. Get Hobby

Lusion Energy Beakthrough?

Two weeks ago, physicists Stanley Pons of the University of Utah and Martin Fleischmann of the University of Southampton in England claimed at an unusual press conference in Utah that they had successfully produced nuclear fusion at room temperatures. Within days, a second such discovery was announced by scientists at Brigham Young University, though with lower levels of output. The implications are little short of staggering.

Scientists have long known that nuclear fusion is potentially the world's most inexhaustible and safe energy resource. Nuclear fusion is the process of creating energy by binding atoms together; it powers the sun and the hydrogen bomb. The fuel for such reactions can easily be extracted from sea water and the reactions themselves yield very low levels of radioactivity and waste. This is in contrast to nuclear fission, the process of creating energy by splitting atoms apart that is used in existing nuclear reactors. Nuclear fission produces waste and high radioactivity levels.

Until the Utah announcements, it was widely believed that nuclear fusion could only be achieved by heating charged gases of hydrogen atoms to between 50 and 100 million degrees. The problem has been that this takes as much or more energy to achieve as fusion would produce. Nevertheless, the potential was so great that hundreds of millions of dollars have been spent on government-supported nuclear fusion research.

Pons and Fleischmann began with experiments in their kitchen. They placed small rods of various nuclear material into a solution contained in ordinary lab beakers and ran a weak electric

current through it. The atoms began to fuse. The heat and energy discharges generated ranged from as little as 48 percent of the electric input to as much as 9.4 times the break-even point.

The physics establishment was naturally skeptical at news that scientists operating independently might have solved the problem of nuclear fusion. At least one prominent physicist dismissed the findings as "preposterous."

It wouldn't be the first time, however, that human genius manifested itself in such a fashion. The first breakthroughs in atomic power came in isolated experiments, not in the wartime Manhattan Project.

If the experiments hold up, we could be standing on the threshold of a new energy era. Oil prices will plummet as producers rush petroleum to the market before it's rendered obsolete for many purposes. Existing atomic power plants could be phased out. The auto industry could begin to talk seriously about electric-powered transportation—as the city of Los Angeles recently demanded.

Indeed, one of the most important things Pons and Fleischmann may have demonstrated is the foolishness of our 1970s energy policies. Massive, taxpayer-financed investments in coal-gasification, shale-oil conversion and synthetic fuel plants all failed to produce practical alternatives to oil. Yet, two lone scientists may well have broken through to tap a potentially infinite energy resource that is both clean and safe. It goes to show that ideas and imagination are still our most important sources of energy.

But to do our country any good thy have to be acted upon and with some disportal.

Even if the physicists cannot explain why it works, if it works then the Opt. Of Energy should demand that red tape be cut and not allow at slow moving Potent Office or a District Judge to stand in the way of serious progres, like was done with Joe Newman patient application.

Beo. W. Holby

606x / For Ding Mr. Howard H Baker J. this of Staff July 24, 1987 White House Washington, D.C. Dear Sir: Re: My letter to you of June 29, 1987 You must have requested that some-one from the Potent + Tondemark Office reply to me so on July 17, 1987 Mr. Donald J. Brigg send me a full explanation of where matters stand regarding Mr. Newman's patent application. I am most oppreciative of the thoroughness of the reply.

Mr. Oning finished by stating it would be inappropriate to comment further in view of the fact this matter is pending before a U.S. District Court. I certainly understand that it is a necessary and proper no comment status, at least until the District Court gets off "dead center" and reacher a decision. Until this time however I do have some observations that night be in order. It likely is correct policy that no patent be issued until the inventor I in addition to demonstrating that the claimed results can be achived by submitting an operating demonstration model) can provide a proper and acceptable

explanation of the principle of physics by which the desirable results are being achieved. It so, Mr. Newman, who has only a limited education, will find this extremely difficult without outside professional assistance. So be it:

Never-the-less, in the broader interests of our country [and indeed the world] the magnanimus benefits that could evolve from the commercial developments band on Newman's discovery [assuming its validity] must not be allowed is to evaporate just because a full and proper scientific explanation is not yet available from

I recognized ocientists.

An analogous situation exists in the super- conductivity development going on now. It's Strenuous efforts are being mule to further this development and the positive results being achieved have after the fact, sent the physicists of many laber back to their black boards in their attempt to evolve an acceptable theory of how zero resistance as actually accomplished. The utilization is actually accomplished. The utilization It of this important phenomenon is going forward explain the how and why".

It Mr. Newman can convert mass to energy in a non-pollutioning, non-explosive formula, this is of exceedingly great importance

and a concludy controlled scientific test, should be conducted to once and for all establish

And Commerce would make every ettort to either

establish the validity of positive tests performed

by and attested to in Judge Jackson's court] a qualified electrical engineer or for ever stope

the great interest in this development by ex-

posing the fallacy. After all, it is said "to 30

scientists now support Navmana fundings. Are they all wrong? It does not seem likely.

manner in accordance with Mr. Cinsteins

generated. These measurements are not difficult. It should not take seven years [since the first patent application] to run such tests. The National Bureau of Itandurds flawed their test by not measuring the output energy that encaped though the ground wive. Dit. Newman has expressed through this but The Bureau does not seem interested in repeating the test in a proper manner. How-can the District Cost resolve the metty without a properly conducted test? All interested are writing for a legal opinion when what is really recided save some combined electrical measurements. Considering the real momentum benefits of cherquency I would think the Committee On Energy

children error. Yang

It this matter rested solely on the walidity or lack of validity of the Laws Of Thomodynamics why would it take a District Court over six months of delibera tions to render a decision? The Court may just be bothered by substantial evidence that Joseph Nauman's machine does in fact generate beneficial excessive energy and dirent know how to refute it. The Jupanese may well more use of this development [and also our delays] and then again our country will have great difficulty in playing "catch-up" with this formidable competitor. A proper investigation of this (8- year delay of progress would seem to be in order and would you not agree! Respect fully yours.

c.c. Penald J. Ruigg John D. Dingell Representative Serry W. Helly Chemical Engineer 8310 Wetherfult have Concinnati, Ohio 45236

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

DOCUMENT TRANSMITTAL FORM

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REMARKS: The attached interim reply dated			6								
The attached interim reply dated June 16, 1989, was signed by Robert O. Hunter and dispatched in the Office of the Executive Secretariat on			7								
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June 16, 1989.			9								
Copies have been provided for your				10							
information and files.			RE	MARKS:							
	Copies have been provided to each concurree.										
ES CO	NTACT: Travis Huls	sev. 586-5	075								