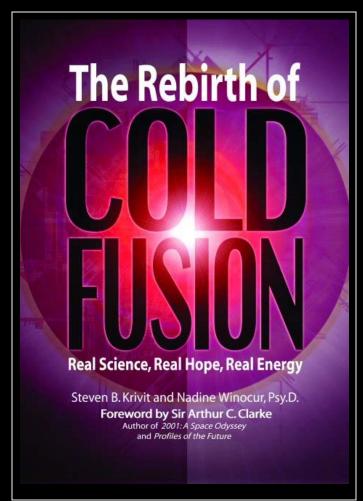
Low-Energy Nuclear Reaction Research – 2008 Update

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Overview:

- "Cold Fusion" research: Since 1989
- Krivit Investigations: Since 2000



Simple Pathway to Cold Fusion: D + D > 4He**Some Cold Fusion Theorists:** Hagelstein Chubb, S. Chubb, T. Takahashi

D+D > 3He (0.82 MeV) + n (2.45 MeV)D+D > T (1.01 MeV) + p (3.02 MeV)

D+D > 4He (0.08 MeV) + gamma ray (23.77 MeV)

D+D > 3He (0.82 MeV) + n (2.45 MeV) [~50%]D+D > T (1.01 MeV) + p (3.02 MeV) [~50%]

D+D > 4He (0.08 MeV) + gamma ray (23.77 MeV)

D+D > 3He (0.82 MeV) + n (2.45 MeV) D+D > T (1.01 MeV) + p (3.02 MeV) n:T = ~1:~1D+D > 4He (0.08 MeV) + gamma ray (23.77 MeV)

D+D > 3He (0.82 MeV) + n (2.45 MeV)D+D > T (1.01 MeV) + p (3.02 MeV)

D+D > **4He** (0.08 MeV) + **gamma ray** (23.77 MeV) n:4He = 10,000,000:1

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Typical Cold Fusion Theory

D+D > 4He + heat (lattice) (24 MeV / 4He)

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D+D > 4He (0.08 MeV) + gamma ray (23.77 MeV)

LENR Experiments

4He + heat + ? (~12- ~48 MeV / 4He)

D+D > 3He (0.82 MeV) + n (2.45 MeV) D+D > T (1.01 MeV) + p (3.02 MeV) $n:T = \sim 1:\sim 1$ D+D > 4He (0.08 MeV) + gamma ray (23.77 MeV)n:4He = 10,000,000:1

LENR Experiments

n:T = ~1:1,000,000 4He + heat + ? (~12- ~48 MeV / 4He)

D+D > 3He (0.82 MeV) + n (2.45 MeV)D+D > T (1.01 MeV) + p (3.02 MeV)

D+D > **4He** (0.08 MeV) + **gamma ray** (23.77 MeV) n:4He = 10,000,000:1

LENR Experiments

4He + heat +? (~12- ~48 MeV / 4He) n:4He = 1:10,000,000

The 24 MeV Belief

"The proof is the 24 MeV! McKubre nailed it"
 Scott Chubb, Naval Research Laboratory

"Haven't the [ENEA] Frascati people demonstrated a quantitatively correct correlation of exothermy with He4 yield? In fact, it was this result that turned me into a cold-fusion believer, and I suspect the same is true of many other people as well."

- Julian Brown, Oxford University

The Experimental Evidence for Cold Fusion

Research Group

MeV per Helium-4 Atom

McKubre (SRI Int'l)

13 years ago

Miles (U.S.N. China Lake) 14 years ago

De Ninno (ENEA Frascati) 6 years ago 31, 38.34, 34.45, 22.85

39, 25, 44, 88, 83, 52, 62

103, 88, 124, 103, 103

The Importance of the Normal Water Experiments

Fusion cross-section

Not even "cold fusion" theorists suggest H experiments are fusion.

"If something you have been attributing to [D-D] fusion is observed with ordinary water, it means you've been fooling yourself." - Robert Park, American Physical Society

Normal Water and Hydrogen Experiments

Patterson Miley **Bockris** Celani Mizuno Focardi - Piantelli Mills Pons **Mosier-Boss - Szpak Bush – Eagleton** Violante – Tripodi – Sarto – McKubre – Tanzella Lipson - Roussetski

Heavy Element Transmutation Experiments

(Miley's List) Patterson Bockris Mizuno Iwamura Dash Takahashi Arata

De Ninno Karabut Savvatimova Chernov Dufour Jiang Yamada Kozima

DD Thermonuclear Fusion ≠ LENR

- 1. Missing or suppressed gamma
- 2. Wrong neutron to tritium ratios
- 3. Wrong 4He to neutron ratios
- 4. Missing 1st branch of TNF
- 5. Missing 2nd branch of TNF
- 6. Weak data for "24" MeV energy

(wide range, incomplete assay)

- 7. Heavy Z transmutations
- 8. Normal water and hydrogen expts.

Fleischmann & Pons

Excess Heat 4He

Fleischmann: "What else could it be?"

Huizenga's 3 Miracles

How could it possibly be fusion?

Coulomb barrier
 No strong neutrons
 No gamma rays

Progress is Stunted...

"In my opinion [LENR] has been crippled by wide acceptance of the belief that deuterium fusion of some sort is responsible for energy generation, and also by rejection of alternative [proposed] mechanisms.

"Progress is stunted when we reject a mechanism, because we then fail to undertake the experiments it suggests." - John Fisher, LENR Theorist

Q: What Else Could it Be? A: Neutron Catalyzed Reactions (Weak Interactions)

- Hideo Kozima
- John Fisher
- George Anderman
- Lali Chatterjee
- (Tadahiko Mizuno)
- (Yasuhiro Iwamura)
- (Stanislaw Szpak)
- (Allan Widom Lewis Larsen)
 (14 MeV per 4He atom)

Four Years of Investigation:

Fusion Theories: WEAK



LENR Experimental **Evidence:**



Nuclear Ash and Effects

Products/Effects		D/Pd	
Heat	Major		Mi
Helium-4	Major		No
Tritium (no heat)	Rare but Strong		No
(Fast? Slow?) Neutrons	Minor but Strong		Mi
Charged Particles	Minor but Strong		Mi
Heavy Element Transmutation	Minor		Ma
Gamma-Rays	Minor		Un
X-Rays	Minor		Un
Hot Spots on Cathodes	Strong		Un
Craters, Melting, Vaporization	Strong		Un

l/Pd (Ni-H) inor (Major) o (No) o (No) inor inor (Minor) ajor nknown nknown nknown nknown

Navy SPAWAR San Diego / JWK Corp. Co-deposition Experiment:

Evidence of Neutrons Evidence of Charged Particles

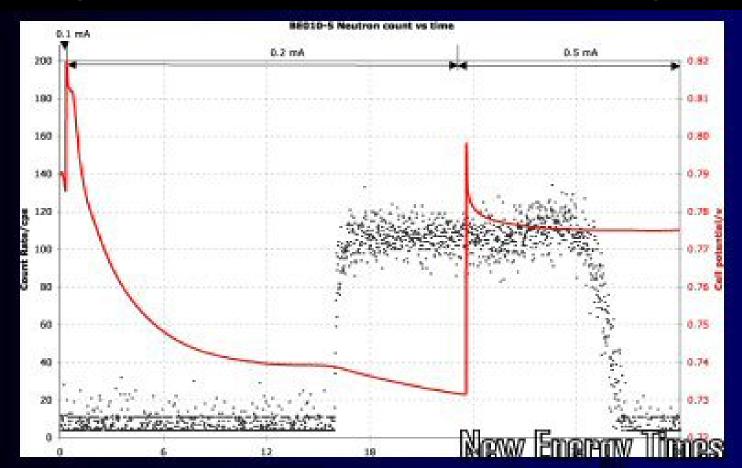
Co-deposition Experiment:

Strong Evidence of Neutrons

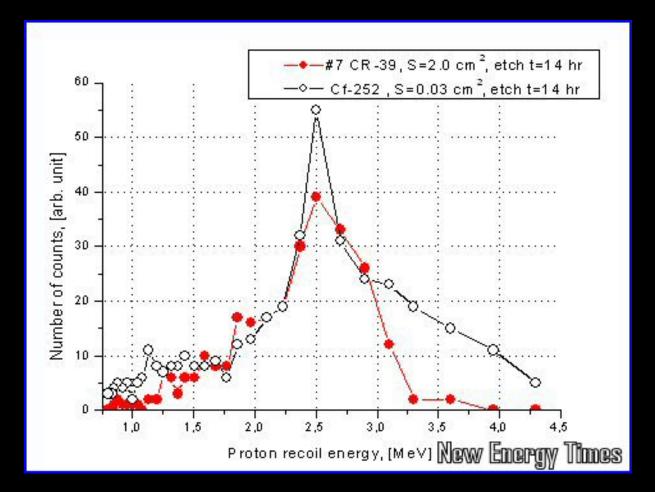
Low Flux Bursty

Instrument: Solid-State Nuclear Track Detectors and TASL Scanner

SRI Replication of SPAWAR/JWK Neutron signal 14x > than background, 14-hour burst (BF3) + cell potential drop (8th Conf. on H and D/Pd Anomalies)



SRI Replication Confirmation (RAS – A. Lipson and A. Roussetski) Sequential Etching



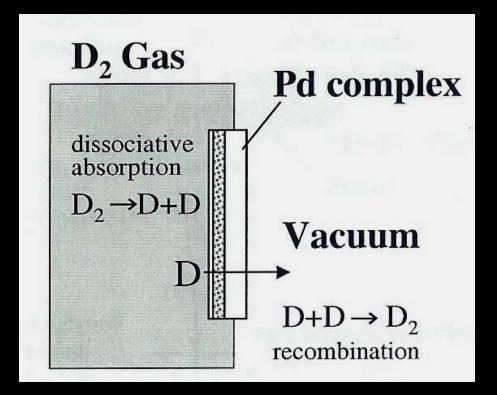
SRI Replication Confirmation (RAS – A. Lipson and A. Roussetski) Final Report

"...both sides of detector [front and back] showed that it contains <u>real</u> <u>nuclear (proton recoil) tracks.</u>

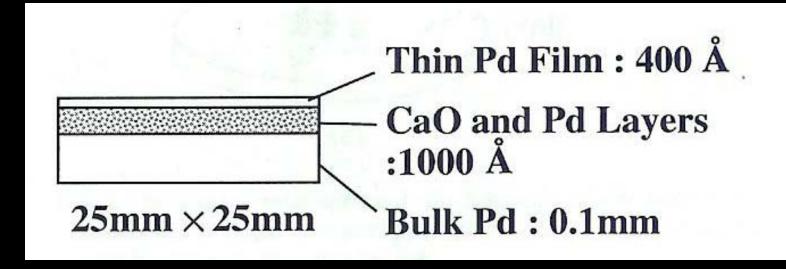
"Not irradiated by airport security"

"In summary, presented experimental evidence can be considered as a <u>strong</u>, <u>unambiguous proof of #7 detector's fast</u> neutron (2.5 MeV) exposure."

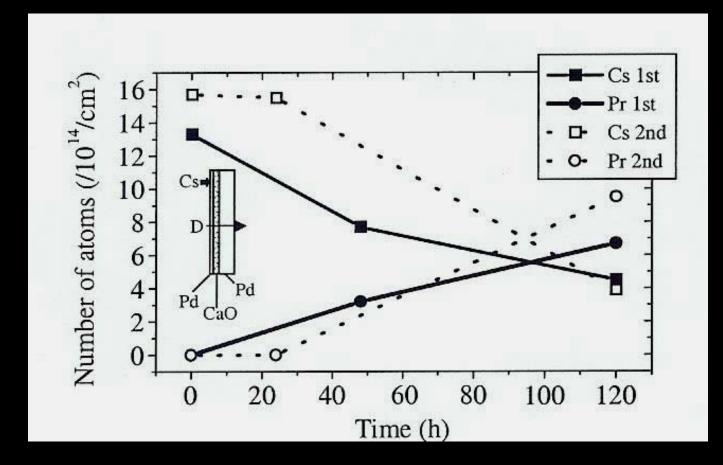
Heavy Element Transmutation Gas Permeation (Y. Iwamura, Mitsubishi)



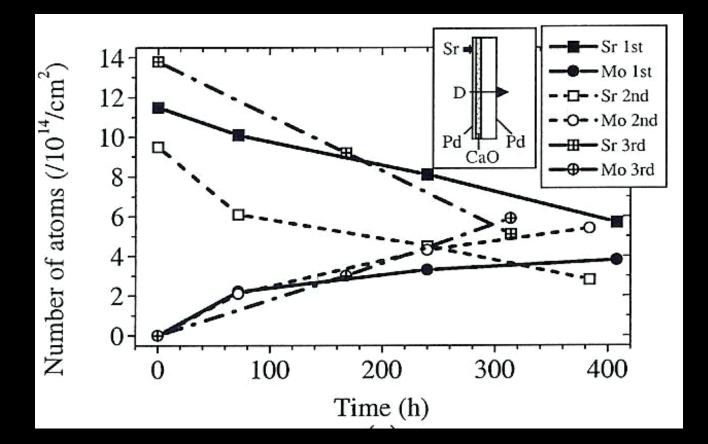
Heavy Element Transmutation Surface Coatings



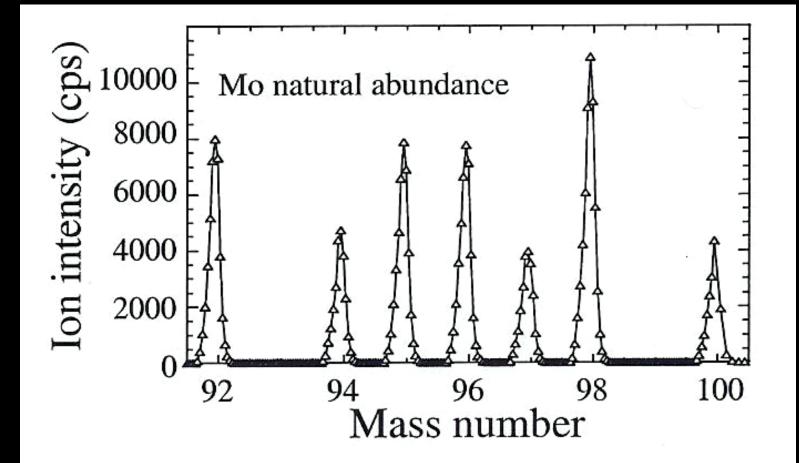
Heavy Element Transmutation Pr Grows while Cs Decreases



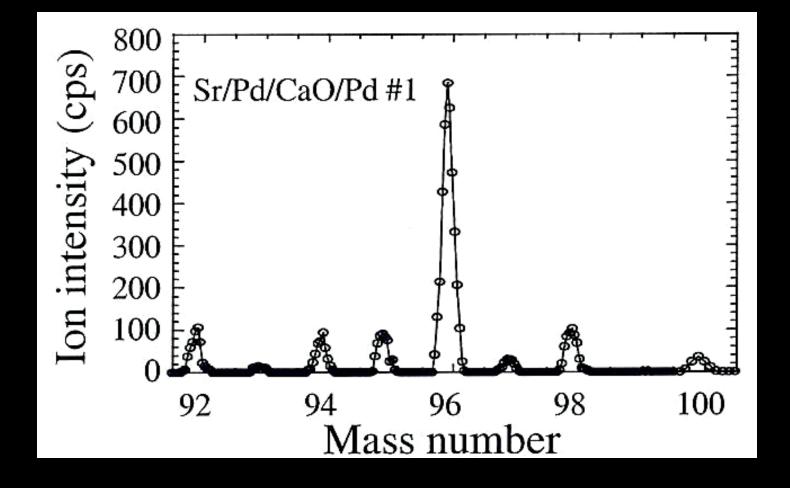
Heavy Element Transmutation Mo Grows while Sr Decreases



Heavy Element Transmutation Natural Isotopic Abundance



Heavy Element Transmutation Anomalous Isotopic Abundance



Selected Excess Heat Claims

Ref	Name	Year	Max.Excess Heat	% Excess Heat	Time	Excess Energy
1	Arata	1999	10w	No data	2000h	No data
2	El-Boher #56	2004	3.5w	80%	300h	3.1 Mj
2	El-Boher #64a	2004	34w	2500%	17h	1.1 Mj
2	El-Boher #64b	2004	32w	1500%	80h	4.6 Mj
3	Focardi	1994	18		319 D	600 Mj
3	Focardi	1994	72		278 D	900 Mj
4	Stringham	2004	40w	No Data	No Data	No Data
5	Takahashi	1992	130w	70%	1440h	No Data

See appendix A for references

Reasons for Commercial Interest

- Presence of heat, helium, tritium
- Absence of Greenhouse Gases
- Absence of Strong Prompt Radiation
- No Long-Lived Nuclear Waste

LENR Energy – What is Known

- LENR works with deuterium and hydrogen
- Works with palladium, nickel, titanium
- High energy density (higher than U-fission)
- Environmentally-friendly

LENR Energy – Pending Questions:

- Will LENR pose security risks?
- Will it scale?
- Will it replace liquid fuels?
- What will it cost?

When will it reach application?

New Energy Times Magazine www.newenergytimes.com

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3. Campari, E., Focardi, S., Gabbani, V., Montalbano, V., Piantelli, F., and Veronesi, S., "Overview of H-Ni Systems: Old Experiments and New Setup," 5th Asti Workshop on Anomalies in Hydrogen- / Deuterium-Loaded Metals, Asti, Italy, (2004)

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5. Takahashi, A., et al., "Anomalous Excess Heat by D2O/Pd Cell Under L-H Mode Electrolysis," Third International Conference on Cold Fusion, Nagoya, Japan: Universal Academy Press, Inc., Tokyo, Japan. (1992) http://newenergytimes.com/Library/1992TakahashiAAnomalousExcessHeat.pdf